Answers for 8.2

For use with pages 561-563

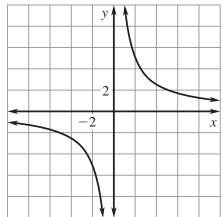
8.2 Skill Practice

1. range; domain

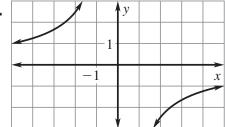
2. No; the denominator is an exponential function not a polynomial function.

The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$. Both graphs lie in the 1st and 3rd quadrants and have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

4.

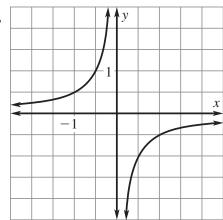


The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$. Both graphs lie in the 1st and 3rd quadrants and have the same asymptotes, domain, and range. **5**.



The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and is located in quadrants 2 and 4. Both graphs have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

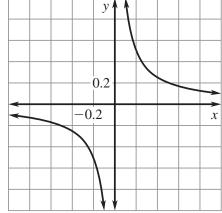
6.



The graph lies closer to the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$. Both graphs lie in the 1st and 3rd quadrants and have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

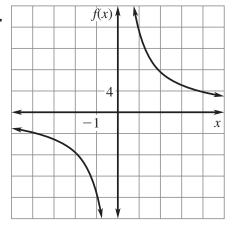
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7.



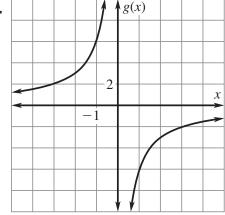
The graph lies closer to the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$. Both graphs lie in the 1st and 3rd quadrants and have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

8.



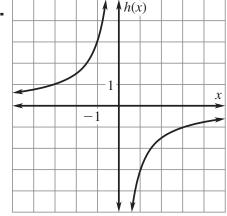
The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and is located in quadrants 2 and 4. Both have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

9.



The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and is located in quadrants 2 and 4. Both have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

10.

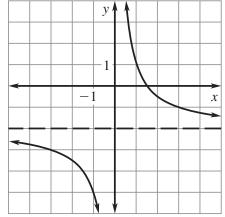


The graph lies farther from the axes than the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and is located in quadrants 2 and 4. Both have the same asymptotes, domain, and range.

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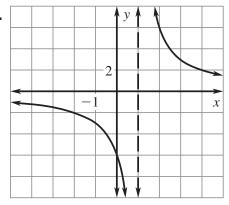
domain: all real numbers except 0, range: all real numbers except 3

12.



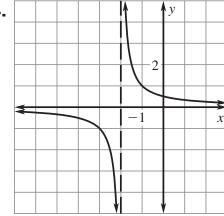
domain: all real numbers except 0, range: all real numbers except -2

13.



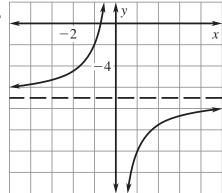
domain: all real numbers except 1, range: all real numbers except 0

14.



domain: all real numbers except -2, range: all real numbers except 0

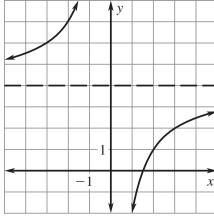
15.



domain: all real numbers except 0, range: all real numbers except -7

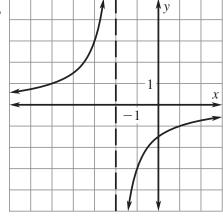
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16.



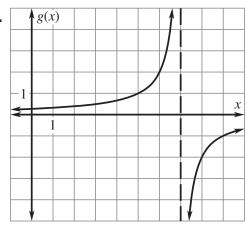
domain: all real numbers except 0, range: all real numbers except 4

17.



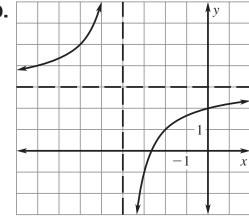
domain: all real numbers except -2, range: all real numbers except 0

18.



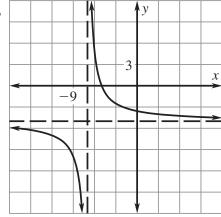
domain: all real numbers except 7, range: all real numbers except 0

19.

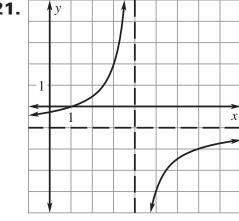


domain: all real numbers except -4, range: all real numbers except 3

20.

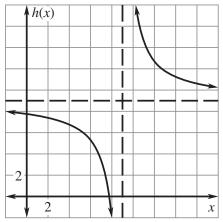


domain: all real numbers except -7, range: all real numbers except -5



domain: all real numbers except 4, range: all real numbers except -1

22.

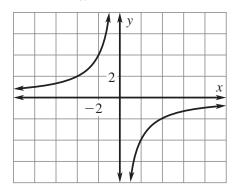


domain: all real numbers except 9, range: all real numbers except 9

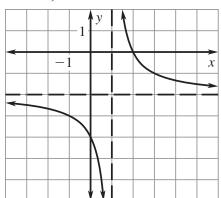
23. D

- **24. a.** The graph will lie farther from the asymptotes and will be a reflection in either asymptote.
 - **b.** The vertical asymptote is shifted left 4 units.
 - **c.** The horizontal asymptote is shifted up 4 units.

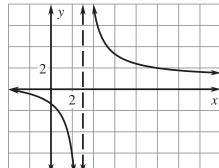
25. The graph should be $y = \frac{-8}{x}$, not $y = \frac{8}{x}$.



26. The vertical asymptote should be x = 1, not x = -1.



27.

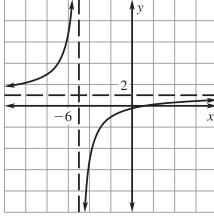


domain: all real numbers except 3, range: all real numbers except 1

Answers for 8.2 continued

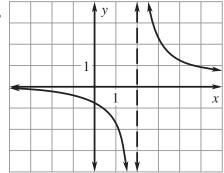
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28.



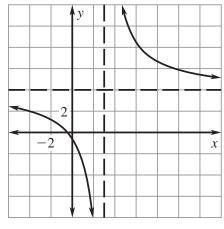
domain: all real numbers except -5, range: all real numbers except 1

29.



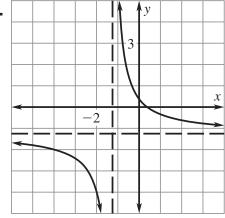
domain: all real numbers except 2, range: all real numbers except $\frac{1}{4}$

30.



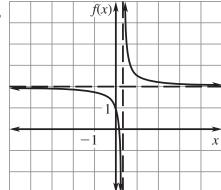
domain: all real numbers except 3, range: all real numbers except 4

31.



domain: all real numbers except $-\frac{5}{4}$, range: all real numbers except $-\frac{5}{4}$

32.

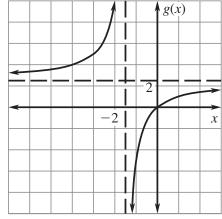


domain: all real numbers except $\frac{1}{3}$, range: all real numbers except 2

Answers for 8.2 continued

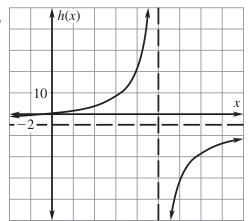
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33.



domain: all real numbers except $-\frac{3}{2}$, range: all real numbers except $\frac{5}{2}$

34.



domain: all real numbers except 10, range: all real numbers except -5

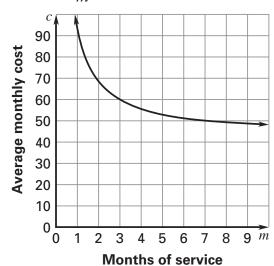
35. *Sample answer:* $y = \frac{3x+1}{x+8}$

36.
$$f(x) = \frac{a}{x-h} + \frac{k(x-h)}{(x-h)}$$

= $\frac{a+kx-kh}{x-h}$

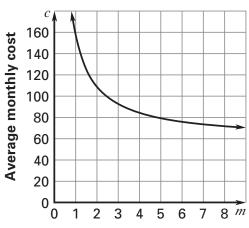
8.2 Problem Solving

37.
$$c = \frac{43m + 50}{m}$$



5 months

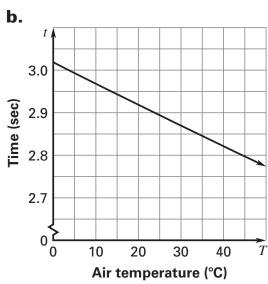
38.
$$c = \frac{59m + 100}{m}$$



Months of membership

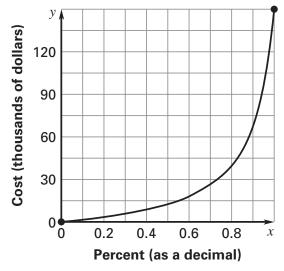
10 months

39. a. About 14.5 sec. *Sample answer:* Substitute 25 for T to find $t \approx 2.89$. Since you are 5 kilometers away, multiply t by 5 to get $5(2.89) \approx 14.5$ seconds.



about 3.89°C

40. a.



domain: $0 \le x \le 100$, range: $0 \le y \le 150,000$ **b.** \$3333.33; \$8571.43; \$40,000; no. *Sample answer:* The values are not increasing at a constant rate.

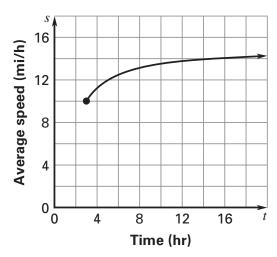
41. a. approaching: $f_{\ell} = \frac{1,480,000}{740 - r}$, moving away: $f_{\ell} = \frac{1,480,000}{740 + r}$

c. The frequency of a sound that is approaching is greater than that of a sound that is moving away.

Answers for 8.2 continued

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42.
$$s = \frac{30 + 15(t - 3)}{t}$$



8.2 Mixed Review

43.
$$(m + 13)(m + 5)$$

44.
$$(p+8)(p+7)$$

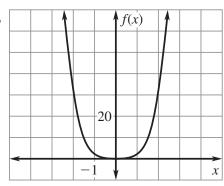
45.
$$(q-7)(q+7)$$

46.
$$(r-10)^2$$

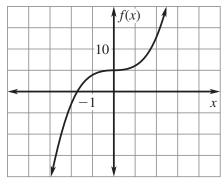
47.
$$(x-7)(x+3)$$

48.
$$(z-4)(z-5)$$

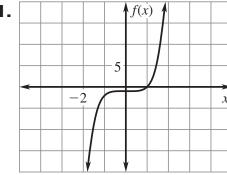
49.



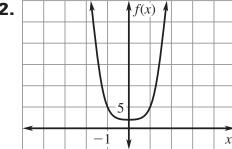
50.



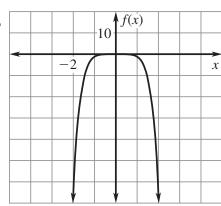
51.



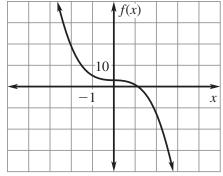
52.



53.







55.
$$e^{-4}$$

56.
$$3e^{x+6}$$

57.
$$e^{4x+2}$$